

Minutes

Of the meeting of the:

Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting

Held on:

Thursday, 3 May 2018

Commencing at 10:30am at Council Chambers, 65
Homebush Road, Strathfield

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The meeting of the Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting was held in the Council Town Hall (Supper Room), 65 Homebush Road, Strathfield on Thursday 3 May 2018.
The meeting commenced at 10:30am.

PRESENT

The Hon Paul Stein QC AM – Chair
Gabrielle Morrish- Expert
Jan Murrell- Expert
Geoff Markwell- Community

ALSO PRESENT

Stephen Clements, Director Infrastructure, Development and Environment
Rita Vella, Principal Strategic Planner
Lily Lam, Administration Assistant

DECLARATIONS OF PECUNIARY INTEREST / CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Nil

TO: Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting - 3 May 2018
REPORT: SLPP – Report No. 1
SUBJECT: PLANNING PROPOSAL - NOS 55-67 PARRAMATTA ROAD AND NOS 12-24 POWELL STREET, HOMEBUSH (INCLUDING FORMER HOMEBUSH THEATRE)
DA NO. N/A

RESOLUTION

1. That the Strathfield Local Planning Panel recommends to the Council that the preliminary Planning Proposal to amend Strathfield LEP 2012 in relation to Nos 55-67 Parramatta Road and No 12-24 Powell Street, Homebush to:
 - (a) Amend the Height of Building Map from 22m (42m under Clause 4.3A) to 145m as it applies to the site; and
 - (b) Amend the Floor space Ratio Map from 2:1 (3.15:1 under Clause 4.4A) to 7.3:1 as it applies to the site.

Is not supported for the following reasons:

- I. The proposed height and densities across the site are inconsistent with the recommended building typologies, heights, densities, and built form plans for the Homebush Precinct under the *Parramatta Road Corridor Urban Transformation Strategy* (PRCUTS) and inadequate justification has been provided in this regard to support the variation. **In addition, the panel is of the view that the proposal is premature and lacks strategic merit.**
- II. The proposal heights across the site do not provide an appropriate built form transition and are considered to physically overwhelm and dominate the heritage listed Former Homebush Theatre and the heritage listed Hotel and two (2) storey commercial buildings opposite the site.
- III. **The proposed reinterpretation of the former Homebush Theatre is considered to be unacceptable in that it proposes the demolition of the rear portion of the Theatre which is a rare example of a 1920's suburban art deco theatre. It is recommended that adaptive reuse of the theatre building be considered. Further, there has been little regard paid to the other nearby heritage sites.**
- IV. Inadequate documentary evidence has been submitted to demonstrate that a genuine and reasonable attempt has been made to purchase No 69 Parramatta Road based on a fair market value.
- V. The proposed development, in its current form does not provide a sufficient mix of uses. Further work is to be undertaken to identify additional opportunities for retailing/commercial use to promote and encourage jobs within the Precinct. **The proposal is contrary to the objectives of the B4 mixed use zone under Strathfield Local Environmental Plan SLEP 2012 and the actions identified in the Eastern City District Plan in terms of the strategic location for the provision of employment.**
- VI. Council cannot determine what the cumulative impacts will be on the existing State and Local Road network as a result of the proposed development of the site. Until such time

as a precinct wide traffic study is prepared for the 'Homebush Precinct', consideration of any Planning Proposal within the Parramatta Road Corridor should be deferred. **The Panel understands that this study will be available in July 2018.**

VII. The proposed material public benefits contained within the Letter of Offer submitted by Walker Corporation Pty Ltd and dated 6 April 2018 are not considered to facilitate the provision of public services and facilities, outside of those that would normally be required as part of the redevelopment of the site. Any future Voluntary Planning Agreement should be prepared to align with Council's corporate strategic documents including the *Strathfield Community Strategic Plan* and any other infrastructure delivery documents.

2. That for the reasons outlined above, it is recommended that the Council not forward the preliminary Planning Proposal to the delegate of the Greater Sydney Commission for a Gateway Determination under Section 3.34 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

VOTING

For: P. Stein, G. Morrish, J. Murrell, G. Markwell

Against: Nil

**** End Minutes - Report No. 1****

TO: Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting - 3 May 2018
REPORT: SLPP – Report No. 2
SUBJECT: PLANNING PROPOSAL - NO.86-88 CENTENARY DRIVE, HOMEBUSH
DA NO. N/A

RESOLUTION

It is recommended to Council that:

1. The Planning Proposal is not supported and Council make a submission to the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE) advising of the issues as outlined in the body of the report and reiterating that Council will only support a maximum building height of 28m and maximum floor space ratio of 1.2:1 as permitted on the site under SLEP 2012.

The reasons that the Planning Proposal is not supported are:

- a) The Eastern City District Structure Plan does not support the site as a suitable location for increased density as proposed in the Planning Proposal. The location is not proximate to a strategic centre.
- b) The site is not identified as a strategic centre or a priority growth area to deliver housing supply and jobs and is not located within a transit-oriented development corridor.
- c) The site does not exhibit the fundamental principles to accommodate additional housing as per the Greater Sydney Commission (GSC) Eastern City District Structure Plan (March 2018), which stipulates that residential development is to be increased within walkable distance (i.e. within a 10-minute walk, that is, 800m) of a local centre focused on a mass transit stop such as Homebush, Strathfield and Burwood.
- d) It is considered that the 0-5 year housing supply target for Strathfield under the Eastern City District Structure Plan of 3,650 dwellings is better suited to sites within the identified transit oriented development corridors, such as Parramatta Road.
- e) The site has limited public transport options to connect to Strathfield Station.
- f) The density of 1.2:1 available on the site should be reduced by the extent to which the site is already been developed and subdivided (Stage 1). The actual proposed gross floor area results in a FSR in excess of 3:1 (Stage 2).

2. In any event the Planning Proposal should be deferred until such time as DA2017/168 is determined by the Sydney Eastern City Planning Panel.

VOTING

For: P. Stein, G. Morrish, J. Murrell, G. Markwell

Against: NIL

**** End Minutes - Report No. 2****

TO: Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting - 3 May 2018
REPORT: SLPP – Report No. 3
SUBJECT: DA2017/109- 30-32 POMEROY STREET, HOMEBUSH
LOT 1 IN DP809799
DA NO. DA2017/109

RECOMMENDATION

That Development Application No. 2017/109 for Demolition of existing structures and construction of a part five (5), part four (4) residential flat building comprised of (36) units with two (2) commercial tenancies over three (3) levels of basement parking at 30-32 Pomeroy Street Homebush be **APPROVED**, subject to the following conditions.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS (SC)

1. WATER NSW GENERAL TERMS OF APPROVAL (SC)

- a. A Water Supply Work Approval from WaterNSW must be obtained prior to commencing dewatering activity on the proposed site. Please complete an Application for approval for water supply works, and/or water use.
- b. An application for a Water Supply Works Approval will only be accepted upon receipt of supporting documentation, and payment of the applicable fee (see Application fees for New or amended Works and/or Use Approvals). The information required for the processing of the water supply work application may include preparation of a dewatering management plan. Please refer to checklist attached.
- c. If approved, the Approval will be issued for a period of up to 24 months to cover the dewatering requirements during the construction phase. It will include conditions to ensure that impacts are acceptable and that adequate monitoring and reporting procedures are carried out. The Approval will be issued subject to the proponent meeting requirements of other agencies and consent authorities. For example, an authorisation by either Sydney Water or the local Council, depending where the water will be discharged. If contaminants are likely, or are found to be present in groundwater, and are being discharged to stormwater, including high salinities, a discharge licence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (NSW)* may also be required.
- d. WaterNSW prefers “tanking” (ie. total water proofing below the seasonal high water table) of basement excavations, and avoids the ongoing extraction of groundwater after the initial construction phase. It is also advised to adopt measures to facilitate movement of groundwater post construction (eg. a drainage blanket behind the water-proof membrane).
- e. If the basement is not “tanked”, the proponent will require a Water Access Licence (WAL) and need to acquire groundwater entitlements equivalent to the yearly ongoing take of groundwater. Please note: Acquiring groundwater entitlements could be difficult, and may cause delay in project completion. If a WAL is required, please complete an Application for a new water access licence with a zero share component.

(Reason: To comply with requirements of NSW Water)

2. ACID SULFATE SOIL ASSESSMENT (SC)

The development shall comply with the management strategy devised under Section 5.0 of the Acid Sulfate Soil Assessment Report. The sub-contractor responsible for carrying out the works shall adhere to the responsibilities laid out in Section 6.0 of the report. Details demonstrating compliance with these requirements shall be prepared and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority for approval **prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.**

(Reason: Management of acid sulfate soils)

3. AUSGRID (SC)**a. Method of Electricity Connection**

The Method of connection will be in line with Ausgrid's Electrical Standards (ES) 1 – 'Premise Connection Requirements'

b. Supply of Electricity

It is recommended for the nominated electrical consultant/contractor to provide a preliminary enquiry to Ausgrid to obtain advice for the connection of the proposed development to the adjacent electricity network infrastructure. An assessment will be carried out based on the enquiry which may include whether or not: - The existing network can support the expected electrical load of the development - A substation may be required on-site, either a pad mount kiosk or chamber style and; - site conditions or other issues that may impact on the method of supply. Please direct the developer to Ausgrid's website, www.ausgrid.com.au about how to connect to Ausgrid's network.

c. Conduit Installation

The need for additional electricity conduit is in the footway adjacent to the development will be assessed and documented in Ausgrid's Design Information, used to prepare the connection project design.

d. Street lighting

The developer is to consider the impact that existing streetlighting and any future replacement streetlighting and maintenance may have on the development. Should the developer determine that any existing streetlighting may impact the development, the developer should either review the development design, particular the placement of windows, or discuss with Ausgrid the options for relocating the streetlighting. The relocating of any streetlighting will generally beat the developers cost. In many cases is not possible to relocate street lighting due to its strategic positioning.

e. Service Mains

It appears the existing over head electricity service mains, that supply the subject property, may not have sufficient clearance to the proposed construction as per the requirements of "The Installation and Service Rules of NSW". It is recommended that the developer engage a Level 2 Accredited Service Provider(ASP)Electrician to ensure that the installation will comply with the Service Rules.

**f. Proximity to Existing Network Assets
Overhead Powerlines**

There are existing overhead electricity network assets in Pomeroy street and Underwood road. Safework NSW Document–Work Near Overhead Powerlines: Code of Practice, outlines the minimum safety separation requirements between these mains/poles to structures within the development throughout the construction process. It is a statutory requirement that these distances be maintained throughout construction. Special consideration should be given to the positioning and operating of cranes and the location

of any scaffolding. The “as constructed” minimum clearances to the mains should also be considered. These distances are outlined in the Ausgrid Network Standard, NS220 Overhead Design Manual. This document can be sourced from Ausgrid’s website, www.ausgrid.com.au

Before a Construction Certificate is issued, the developer will be required to submit a survey plan to Ausgrid showing the location of all overhead mains within 5 metres of the proposed development. This drawing must contain a plan view and an elevated view clearly indicating the location of the overhead mains in relation to the development. This information should be forwarded to email address development@ausgrid.com.au.

Should the existing overhead mains require relocating due to the minimum safety clearances being compromised in either of the above scenarios, this relocation work is generally at the developers cost. It is also the responsibility of the developer to ensure that the existing overhead mains have sufficient clearance from all types of vehicles that are expected be entering and leaving the site.

g. Underground Cables

There are existing underground electricity network assets in Pomeroy street and Underwood road. Special care should also be taken to ensure that driveways and any other construction activities within the footpath area do not interfere with the existing cables in the footpath. Ausgrid cannot guarantee the depth of cables due to possible changes in ground levels from previous activities after the cables were installed. Hence it is recommended that the developer locate and record the depth of all known underground services prior to any excavation in the area. Should ground anchors be required in the vicinity of the underground cables, the anchors must not be installed within 300mm of any cable, and the anchors must not pass over the top of any cable. Safework Australia–Excavation Code of Practice, and Ausgrid’s Network Standard NS156 outlines the minimum requirements for working around Ausgrid’s underground cables.

(Reason: Comply with Ausgrid’s requirements)

4. **MASONRY/SOLID FAÇADE ELEMENTS (SC)**

The shop frontages should include a minimum of 15% masonry or solid elements in order to reduce the amount of glazing.

(Reason: To provide greater flexibility in the retail uses)

5. **STORAGE (SC)**

In accordance with Objective 4G, the following volume sizes for storage are to be provided for each unit:

- 1 bed: 6m³
- 2 bed: 8m³
- 3 bed: 10m³

At least 50% of the required storage is to be located within the apartment. Details demonstrating compliance with this requirement shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.**

(Reason: To provide appropriate storage space for residents)

6. TURNING BAYS (SC)

The following existing basement car parking spaces shall be reallocated as turning bays so as to allow cars to maneuver in a forward direction in the basement.

- Car space (12) marked within basement level 3 plan;
- Car space (19) and (34) marked within basement level 2 plan;
- Car space (8V) marked within basement floor level 1 plan

Amended plans demonstrating compliance with this requirement shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.**

(Reason: To enable cars to maneuver within the basement)

7. COUNCIL'S INFRASTRUCTURE (CC)

Driveway crossings, including apron and layback shall be located a minimum of 1m clear of any stormwater pits, lintels or poles and 2m clear of the trunk of any trees within the road reserve. Amended stormwater drainage concept plan shall be required **prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.**

(Reason: Compliance with Council's requirements)

8. COUNCIL'S DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE (CC)

Council's drainage infrastructure already exists in Pomeroy Street, Homebush. Applicant shall construct kerb inlet pit in accordance with Council's standard requirements over existing pipe and connect drainage system to it. Amended stormwater drainage concept plan shall be required **prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.**

(Reason: Compliance with Council's requirements)

8A) AMENITY

The ground floor is to be redesigned to ensure that no balcony or living room overlook the vehicle ramp.

(Reason: To ensure a reasonable level of internal amenity)

GENERAL CONDITIONS (GC)**9. APPROVED PLANS AND REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION (GC)**

The development, except where modified by a condition(s) of consent, is to be carried out in accordance with the following plans and reference documentation:

Plans affixed with Council's 'Development Consent' stamp relating to Development Consent No. 2017/109:

Drawing No.	Title/Description	Prepared by	Issue / Revision & Date	Date received by Council
DP-01	Demolition Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	March 2014	21 July 2017

DA-01	Basement Floor Plan Level 2	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-02	Basement Floor Plan Level 1	Nexus Architecture P/L	D	13 April 2018
DA-03	Mezzanine Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-04	Site & Ground Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	D	13 April 2018
DA-05	First Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-06	Second Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-07	Third Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-08	Fourth Floor Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-09	Roof Terrace Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-10	Section AA Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-11	Section BB Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-12	North West and North East Elevations	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-13	South East Elevation Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-14	Typical Unit Plans	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-15	Typical Unit Plans	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-16	External Colours & Finishes	Nexus Architecture P/L	C	13 April 2018
DA-17	Data Sheet	Nexus Architecture P/L	D	13 April 2018
DA-18	Entry/Exit Ramp Details	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA-19	Ramp Details	Nexus	B	13 April 2018

	Plan	Architecture P/L		
DA-20	Ramp Details Sections	Nexus Architecture P/L	B	13 April 2018
DA.L01	Ground Floor Indicative Landscape Plan	Light Box Landscape Architect	E	13 April 2018
DA.L02	Level Four Roof Garden Indicative Landscape Plan	Light Box Landscape Architect	E	13 April 2018
DA.L04	Overall Indicative Planting	Light Box Landscape Architect	B	13 April 2018
DA-10	Sediment and Erosion Control Plan and Waste Management Plan	Nexus Architecture P/L	-	21 July 2017
D1	Details, Notes & Legend	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D2	Basement Level 2 & 3 Plan	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D3	Basement Level 1 Plan	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D4	Site/Ground Floor Plan	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D5	Roof Plan	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D6	OSD Details/Calculations & Stormwater Details	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018
D7	Sediment Control Plan & Details	Quantum Engineers	G	23 March 2018

Reference Documentation affixed with Council's 'Development Consent' stamp relating to Development Consent No. 2017/109:

Title / Description	Prepared by	Issue/Revision & Date	Date received by Council
Statement of Environmental Effects	Nicholas Horiatopoulos	February 2018	2 March 2018
Acid Sulphate Soils Management Plan	Aargus	16 October 2017	1 November 2017
BASIX Certificate	-	Cert No.805830M_02	21 July 2017
Noise Assessment Report	Acoustic Logic	0	21 July 2017
Building Code of Australia Compliance	Nexus Architect		21 July 2017

Assessment			
Geotechnical Investigation Report	Aargus	11 July 2017	21 July 2017
Traffic and Car Parking Assessment Report	B Traffic Solutions	20 July 2017	21 July 2017
Waste Management Plan	Nexus Architecture	July 2017	19 March 2018

In the event of any inconsistency, the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

(Reason: To ensure that the form of the development undertaken is in accordance with the determination of Council.)

10. APPROVAL - SEPARATE APPROVAL REQUIRED (GC)

This consent does not include approval for the fit out and use of the ground floor commercial premise on the site. Separate development consent shall be obtained for the commercial premise.

(Reason: To control future development of the site.)

11. BUILDING HEIGHT - MAXIMUM RL TO BE COMPLIED WITH (GC)

The height of the building measured from Australian Height Datum (AHD) must not exceed Relative Level (RL) 27.30 AHD to the roof ridge of the building.

(Reason: To ensure the approved building height is complied with.)

12. CONSTRUCTION HOURS (GC)

No construction or any other work related activities shall be carried out on the site outside the hours of 7.00 am to 5.00 pm Mondays to Fridays and 8am to 1pm Saturdays.

No building activities are to be carried out at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.

Where the development involves the use of jackhammers/ rock breakers and the like or other heavy machinery, such equipment may only be used between the hours of 7.00 am - 5.00 pm Monday to Friday only.

(Reason: To maintain amenity to adjoining land owners.)

13. CONSTRUCTION WITHIN BOUNDARIES (GC)

The development including but not limited to footings, walls, roof barges and guttering must be constructed wholly within the boundary of the premises. No portion of the proposed structure shall encroach onto the adjoining properties. Gates must be installed so they do not open onto any footpath or adjoining land.

(Reason: Approved works are to be contained wholly within the subject site.)

14. DEMOLITION – GENERALLY (GC)

Alteration and demolition of the existing building is limited to that documented on the approved plans (by way of notation). No approval is given or implied for removal and/or rebuilding of any portion of the existing building which is not shown to be altered or

demolished.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with the approved development.)

15. DEMOLITION - SITE SAFETY FENCING (GC)

Site fencing is to be erected to a minimum height of 1.8m complying with WorkCover Guidelines, to exclude public access to the site, prior to any demolition works occurring and maintained for the duration of the demolition works.

If applicable, a separate Hoarding Application for the erection of an A class (fence type) or B class (overhead type) hoarding along the street frontage(s) complying with WorkCover requirements must be obtained including:

payment to Council of a footpath occupancy fee based on the area of footpath to be occupied and Council's Schedule of Fees and Charges before the commencement of work; and

provision of a Public Risk Insurance Policy with a minimum cover of \$10 million in relation to the occupation of and works within Council's road reserve, for the full duration of the proposed works, must be obtained with a copy provided to Council.

(Reasons: Statutory requirement and health and safety.)

16. LANDSCAPING - IRRIGATION OF COMMON AND PRIVATE LANDSCAPE AREAS (GC)

All common and private landscape areas including all planters of new multi-unit, commercial, mixed-use and industrial development are to have full coverage by a fully automatic irrigation system. The design, materials and installation are to be in accordance with Sydney Water Codes and satisfy all relevant Australian Standards. Details demonstrating compliance shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior occupation of the premises.

(Reason: To ensure appropriate landscape maintenance.)

17. LANDSCAPING - TREES PERMITTED TO BE REMOVED (GC)

The following listed trees are permitted to be removed to accommodate the proposed development:

Tree No. in Arborist Report	Tree	Location
All trees located within the boundaries of the site.		

All trees permitted to be removed by this consent shall be replaced by species selected from Council's Recommended Tree List.

Replacement trees shall be a minimum 45 litre container size. Trees are to conform to the NATSPEC guide and Guide for assessing the quality of and purchasing of landscape trees by Ross Clarke, 2003. Trees are to be true to type, healthy and vigorous at time of delivery and planting, shall be pest and disease free, free from injury and wounds and self-supporting; and shall be maintained until maturity.

All trees are to be staked and tied with a minimum of three (3) hardwood stakes. Ties are to be hessian and fixed firmly to the stakes, one tie at half the height of the main stem, others as necessary to stabilise the plant.

Root deflection barriers having a minimum depth of 600mm are to be installed adjacent to all footpaths and driveways.

Soil conditioner/fertilizer/moisture retention additive/s are to be applied in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, and mixed into the backfilling soil after planting tree/s.

A minimum 75mm depth of organic mulch shall be placed within an area 0.5m from the base of the tree.

Details demonstrating compliance shall be demonstrated to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure appropriate planting back onto the site.)

18. LIGHTING (GC)

Any lighting of the premises shall be installed and maintained in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4282-1997: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting so as to avoid annoyance to the occupants of adjoining premises or glare to motorists on nearby roads.

No flashing, moving or intermittent lighting, visible from any public place may be installed on the premises or external signage associated with the development, without the prior approval of Council.

(Reason: To protect the amenity of surrounding development and protect public safety.)

19. MATERIALS – CONSISTENT WITH SUBMITTED SCHEDULE (GC)- (TO BE DELETED)

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, an amended colours schedule shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority, demonstrating that all off-form concrete balustrading to the development has been replaced with a light grey painted finish. All other external materials, finishes and colours are to be consistent with the schedule submitted and approved by Council with the development application.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with this consent.)

20. PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY (PCA) IDENTIFICATION SIGN (GC)

Prior to commencement of any work, signage must be erected in a prominent position on the work site identifying:

- i) the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) by showing the name, address and telephone number of the PCA;
- ii) the Principal Contractor by showing the Principal Contractor's name, address and telephone number (outside of work hours) for that person; and
- iii) the sign must state that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

This clause does not apply to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.

(Reason: Statutory requirement.)

21. SIGNAGE – COMMERCIAL PREMISE (GC)

No signage is permitted to be installed to the commercial premise at any time. Any signage to the commercial premise is to be assessed under separate cover.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with SCDOP 2005.)

22. SITE MANAGEMENT (DURING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WORKS)

All of the following are to be satisfied/complied with during demolition, construction and any other site works:

- i) All demolition is to be carried out in accordance with Australian Standard AS 2601-2001.
- ii) Demolition must be carried out by a registered demolition contractor.
- iii) A single entrance is permitted to service the site for demolition and construction. The footway and nature strip at the service entrance must be planked out.
- iv) No blasting is to be carried out at any time during construction of the building.
- v) Care must be taken during demolition/ excavation/ building/ construction to prevent any damage to adjoining buildings.
- vi) Adjoining owner property rights and the need for owner's permission must be observed at all times, including the entering onto land for the purpose of undertaking works.
- vii) Any demolition and excess construction materials are to be recycled wherever practicable.
- viii) The disposal of construction and demolition waste must be in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- ix) All waste on the site is to be stored, handled and disposed of in such a manner as to not create air pollution (including odour), offensive noise or pollution of land and/or water as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. All excavated material should be removed from the site in an approved manner and be disposed of lawfully to a tip or other authorised disposal area.
- x) All waste must be contained entirely within the site.
- xi) Section 143 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 requires waste to be transported to a place which can lawfully accept it. All non-recyclable demolition materials are to be disposed of at an approved waste disposal depot in accordance with legislation.
- xii) All materials on site or being delivered to the site are to generally be contained within the site. The requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 must be complied with when placing/stockpiling loose material, disposing of concrete waste, or other activities likely to pollute drains or water courses.
- xiii) Details as to the method and location of disposal of demolition materials (weight dockets, receipts, etc.) should be kept on site as evidence of approved methods of disposal or recycling.
- xiv) Any materials stored on site must be stored out of view or in such a manner so as not to cause unsightliness when viewed from nearby lands or roadways.
- xv) Public footways, include nature strips and roadways adjacent to the site must be maintained and cleared of obstructions during construction. No building materials, waste containers or skips may be stored on the road reserve or footpath without prior separate approval from Council, including payment of relevant fees.
- xvi) Building operations such as brick-cutting, washing tools or paint brushes, and mixing mortar not be performed on the roadway or public footway or any other locations which could lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
- xvii) All site waters during excavation and construction must be contained on site in an approved manner to avoid pollutants entering into waterways or Council's stormwater drainage system.

- xviii) Any work must not prohibit or divert any natural overland flow of water.
- xix) Toilet facilities for employees must be provided in accordance with WorkCover NSW.
- xx) Protection pads are to be installed to the kerb and gutter where trucks and vehicles enter the site.

(Reason: To ensure that demolition, building and any other site works are undertaken in accordance with relevant legislation and policy and in a manner which will be non-disruptive to the local area.)

23. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT (GC)

A detailed Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) in line with Council's Stormwater Management Code is to be prepared and certified by a practicing Chartered Professional Engineer on the National Professional Engineer's Register (NPER) at Engineers Australia and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. The SWMP is to be based on the approved development as modified by any conditions of consent.

(Reason: To ensure appropriate provision is made for the disposal and management of stormwater generated by the development, and to ensure public infrastructure in Council's care and control is not overloaded.)

24. SYDNEY WATER - STAMPED PLANS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT (GC)

The approved plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or Customer Centre to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if further requirements need to be met. Plans will be appropriately stamped.

For Quick Check agent details please refer to the web site www.sydneywater.com.au (see Building Developing and Plumbing then Quick Check) or telephone 13 20 92. The consent authority or a Certifying Authority must ensure that a Quick Check agent/Sydney Water has stamped the plans before the commencement of work.

(Reason: Compliance with Sydney Water requirements.)

25. UTILITIES AND SERVICES - PROTECTION OF (GC)

Any footings or excavation to be located or undertaken adjacent to Council's stormwater must be designed to address the following requirements:

- i) all footings and excavation must be located wholly within the site and clear of any easement boundaries;
- ii) all footings and excavation must be located a minimum of 1000mm from the centreline of the pipeline or 500mm from the outside of the pipeline, whichever is the greater distance from the centreline; and
- iii) footings must extend to at least the depth of the invert of the pipeline unless the footings are to be placed on competent bedrock.

If permanent excavation is proposed beneath the obvert of the pipeline, suitable means to protect the excavation and proposed retaining structures from seepage or other water flow from the pipeline and surrounding subsoil, must be provided. The design must be prepared by a qualified practicing Structural/Civil Engineer.

Construction plans must be approved by the appropriate utility's office (e.g. council, Sydney

Water Corporation) to demonstrate that the development complies with the utility's requirements.

The applicant must provide written evidence (e.g. compliance certificate, formal advice) of compliance with the requirements of all relevant utility providers (e.g. Water, Energy, Telecommunications, Gas).

(Reason: To ensure protection of Council assets.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF A CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE (CC)

26. ACCESS - ACCESS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES (CC)

Access for people with disabilities must be provided in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and with regard to the Disability Discrimination Act 1992. Plans shall be notated demonstrating compliance and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Note: Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010 - As of 1 May 2011, if access is provided to the extent covered by this Standard, then such access cannot be viewed as unlawful under the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.

(Reason: To provide equitable access for people(s) with disabilities in accordance with the relevant legislation and Australian Standards.)

27. ARBORIST REPORT – INITIAL (CC)

The applicant must engage a suitably qualified and experienced arborist (Australian Qualification Framework Level 5 or above) to assess the impact of the proposed works and determine best practices (e.g. minimise compaction, soil build up and or excavation within the Primary Root Zone*) to ensure the longevity of the trees to be retained. The arborist is to prepare and submit, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority, a report prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, documenting the measures to be employed and certifying that they have been implemented.

- i) *Primary root zone = 10 x trunk diameter 1400mm from ground level (measured as a radius from the centre of the trunk).

(Reason: Qualified assessment of impact of proposed works on trees to be retained on the site.)

28. BASIX COMMITMENTS (CC)

The approved BASIX Certificate shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority with the application for a Construction Certificate.

Where a change or changes are proposed in the BASIX commitments, the applicant must submit a new BASIX Certificate to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments is inconsistent with the development consent the applicant will be required to submit a modification to the development consent to Council under Section 96 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

All commitments in the BASIX Certificate must be shown on the plans accompanying the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Statutory compliance.)

29. BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA - COMPLIANCE WITH (CC)

All architectural drawings, specifications and related documentation shall comply with the Building Code of Australia (BCA). All work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA).

In the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, such a contract of insurance is to be in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

Details demonstrating compliance with this condition are to be submitted to the Principle Certifying Authority, prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: This is a 'prescribed' condition under clause 98(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.)

30. CAR PARKING - BASEMENT CAR PARKING REQUIREMENTS (CC)

Details demonstrating compliance with the following is to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to issue of the Construction Certificate:

- i) Minimal internal clearance of the basement is 2.2m in accordance with BCA requirements.
- ii) Driveways shall comply with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 - Parking facilities - Off-street car parking and achieve a maximum gradient of 1:4.
- iii) Basement entries and ramps/driveways within the property are to be no more than 3.5m wide.
- iv) Provision of pump-out systems and stormwater prevention shall be in accordance with Council's Stormwater Management Guide.

(Reason: To ensure suitable development.)

31. CAR PARKING - DISABLED CAR PARKING SPACES (CC)

Two (2) of the car parking spaces provided as part of the total requirement shall be reserved for disabled persons. These spaces shall be a minimum of 2.4m wide x 5.4m long and located near pedestrian access routes designed for disabled persons. Each space shall be clearly marked as such. A shared area 2.4 m wide x 5.4m long shared area should be provided. Bollard shall be placed in this shared area.

Car parking for people with disabilities shall be provided in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and with regard to the Disability Discrimination Act 1992. Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, the plans shall be notated to demonstrate compliance.

The above details shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure adequate parking for persons with a disability.)

32. CAR PARKING - REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIPLE USE BUILDINGS (CC)

The following car parking and service vehicle requirements apply:-

- i) A minimum (50) car spaces shall be provided on the development site. This shall consist of:
 - (32) residential spaces;
 - (8) visitor spaces;
 - (4) commercial premise spaces;
 - (2) car parking spaces for people with mobility impairment, in accordance with AS 2890.1.
- ii) All car spaces shall be allocated and marked according to this requirement.
- iii) If the development is to be strata subdivided, the car park layout must reflect the above allocation and thereafter be regarded as part of the entitlement of that strata lot.
- iv) Under no circumstances shall parking spaces be sold, let or otherwise disposed of for use other than in accordance with this condition.
- v) Each car parking space shall have minimum dimensions in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard and be provided on-site in accordance with the approved plans.
- vi) The parking bays shall be delineated by line marking.
- vii) Visitor spaces shall be clearly line marked and/or signposted and shall only be used by persons visiting residents of the property or commercial/business/retail premises located within the development. Visitor spaces shall not be allocated as permanent residential parking spaces. Access to visitor parking spaces shall not be restricted without development approval and a sign shall be erected at the vehicular entrance indicating the availability of visitor parking.
- viii) The following traffic control measures shall be implemented on site:-
 - Signage indicating 'Entry Only' shall be prominently displayed at the entrance to the development.
 - Signage indicating 'Exit Only' shall be prominently displayed at the exit to the development.
 - One-Way directional arrows shall be painted on the driveway pavement to indicate the required vehicular directional movement through the car parking area.

Details demonstrating compliance with this condition shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure car parking provision in accordance with this consent.)

33. CAR PARKING - VEHICULAR ACCESS RAMPS (CC)

Vehicular access ramps shall comply with the provisions of AS/NZS 2890.1:2004. Plans to be submitted shall contain the following details:

- i) Longitudinal section along the extreme wheel paths of each driveway/access ramp at a scale of 1:25 demonstrating compliance with the scraping provisions of AS/NZS 2890.1:2004. It shall include all levels and grades, including those levels stipulated as boundary levels, both existing and proposed. It shall extend from the centre-line of the roadway through to the parking area.
- ii) Sections showing the clearance to the underside of any overhead structure (minimum headroom requirements 2200mm minimum for standard headroom clearance or 2400mm where disabled access provisions are to be provided) demonstrating compliance with the provisions of AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.
- iii) Longitudinal section along the gutter line showing how it is intended to transition the vehicular crossing into the existing kerb and gutter. Boundary levels shall generally run parallel with the kerb levels.

- iv) Location of verge trees, street furniture and service installations.
- v) Superimposition of vehicle turning circles for access into parking spaces.
- vi) Certification that the design complies with AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 by a Qualified Engineer.

The certification referred to in (vi) above shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate (for the design) and to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate for the 'as-built works'.

(Reason: To ensure adequate vehicular access can be achieved.)

34. CAR PARKING - COMPLIANCE WITH AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 (CC)

Car parking dimensions must comply with the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 - Parking facilities - Off-street car parking. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with Australian Standards relating to parking of vehicles.)

35. CAR PARKING - VEHICULAR CIRCULATION, AISLE AND RAMP WIDTHS (CC)

The aisle widths, internal circulation, ramp widths and grades of the car park shall comply with the Roads and Traffic Authority Guidelines and AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 - Off-Street Car Parking Code.

Vehicular manoeuvring paths are to be prepared demonstrating that all vehicles can enter or depart the site in a forward direction without encroaching on required car parking spaces.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with Australian Standards relating to manoeuvring, access and parking of vehicles.)

36. CAR PARKING - VEHICULAR CROSSING WIDTH AT PROPERTY BOUNDARY (CC)

Vehicular crossings are to have a maximum width of 3m at the property boundary. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Compliance with SCDCP 2005.)

37. COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS (NO WORKS UNTIL A CC IS OBTAINED)

Building work, demolition or excavation must not be carried out until a Construction Certificate has been issued by either Strathfield Council or a Principal Certifying Authority.

Demolition of any part of a building triggers 'commencement of erection of building' pursuant of section 4.19 of the EP&A Act 1979. Accordingly, demolition works must not commence until a Construction Certificate has been issued, a Principal Certifying Authority has been appointed and a Notice of Commencement has been issued.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with statutory provisions.)

38. CONSTRUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (CC)

The applicant must prepare and submit a Construction and Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) to the Principal Certifying Authority, including:

- i) Detailed information on any approvals required from other authorities prior to or during construction.
- ii) Traffic management, including details of:
 - ingress and egress of vehicles to the site;
 - management of loading and unloading of materials;
 - the location of heavy vehicle parking off-site; and
 - designated routes for vehicles to the site.
- iii) The proposed areas within the site to be used for a builder's site office and amenities, the storage of excavated material, construction materials and waste containers during the construction period.
- iv) Erosion and sediment control, detailing measures and procedures consistent with the requirements of Council's guidelines for managing stormwater, including:
 - the collection and treatment of stormwater and wastewater generated on site prior to discharge; and
 - procedures to prevent run-off of solid material and waste from the site.
- v) Waste management, including:
 - details of the types and estimated volumes of waste materials that will be generated;
 - procedures for maximising reuse and recycling of construction materials; and
 - details of the off-site disposal or recycling facilities for construction waste.
- vi) Dust control, outlining measures to minimise the generation and off-site transmission of dust and fine particles, such as watering or damp cloth fences.
- vii) A soil and water management plan, which includes:
 - measures to minimise the area of soils exposed at any one time and conserve top soil;
 - identification and protection of proposed stockpile locations;
 - preservation of existing vegetation and revegetation;
 - measures to prevent soil, sand, sediments leaving the site in an uncontrolled manner;
 - measures to control surface water flows through the site in a manner that diverts clean run-off around disturbed areas, minimises slope gradient and flow distance within disturbed areas, ensures surface run-off occurs at non-erodible velocities, and ensures disturbed areas are promptly rehabilitated;
 - details of sediment and erosion control measures in place before work commences;
 - measures to ensure materials are not tracked onto the road by vehicles entering or leaving the site; and
 - details of drainage to protect and drain the site during works.
- viii) Asbestos management procedures:
 - Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non- Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal License which ever applies and a current WorkCover Demolition License where works involve demolition. To find a licensed asbestos removalist please see www.workcover.nsw.gov.au
 - Removal of asbestos by a person who does not hold a Class A or Class B asbestos removal license is permitted if the asbestos being removed is 10m² or less of non-friable asbestos (approximately the size of a small bathroom). Friable asbestos materials must only be removed by a person who holds a current Class A asbestos license.
 - Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence. All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with the following:

- The Work Health and Safety Act 2011;
- The Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011;
- How to Safely Remove Asbestos Code of Practice – WorkCover 2011; and
- Safe Work Australia Code of Practice for the Management and Control of Asbestos in the Workplace.
- Following completion of asbestos removal works undertaken by a licensed asbestos removalist re-occupation of a workplace must not occur until an independent and suitably licensed asbestos removalist undertakes a clearance inspection and issues a clearance certificate.
- The developer or demolition contractor must notify adjoining residents at least two (2) working days (i.e. Monday to Friday exclusive of public holidays) prior to the commencement of asbestos removal works. Notification is to include, at a minimum:
 - the date and time when asbestos removal works will commence;
 - the name, address and business hours contact telephone number of the demolisher, contractor and/or developer;
 - the full name and license number of the asbestos removalist/s; and
 - the telephone number of WorkCover's Hotline 13 10 50
 - warning signs informing all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs should be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs should be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs should be in accordance with AS 1319-1994 Safety signs for the occupational environment for size, illumination, location and maintenance; and
 - appropriate barricades installed as appropriate to prevent public access and prevent the escape of asbestos fibres. Barricades must be installed prior to the commencement of asbestos removal works and remain in place until works are completed.

(Reason: Safety, amenity and protection of public infrastructure and the environment.)

39. **COUNCIL PERMITS – FOR ALL ACTIVITIES ON COUNCIL LAND (CC)**

Works Permit

(as per Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Section 138 and 139 of the Roads Act 1993)

A Works Permit is required for construction of a vehicular crossing (driveway), new stormwater down pipe connection to kerb and gutter, new footpath and/or stormwater connection. A Works Permit Application Form is available from Council's Customer Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on Council's website.

Standing Plant Permit

This permit must be applied for where it is intended to park a concrete pump, crane or other plant on the roadway or footpath. A Standing Plant Permit Application Form is available from Council's Customer Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on Council's website. Please note a Road Closure Permit is not required for standing plant.

Skip Bin Permit

This permit must be applied for if you intend to place a skip bin on the roadway or footpath. A Skip Bin Application Form is available from Council's Customer Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on

Council's website.

Temporary Full or Part Road Closure Permit

This permit must be applied for if you require a full or a part road closure to take place to assist in your construction works. Please use the Works Permit Application Form, which is available from Council's Customer Service Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on Council's website. Please note a Road Closure Permit is not required for standing plant.

Hoarding Permit

This permit must be applied for if you intend to erect a Class A (fence type) or Class B (overhead type) hoarding along the street frontage(s). A Hoarding Permit Application Form is available from Council's Customer Service Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on Council's website.

Work Zone Permit

This permit must be applied for if you require permanent parking along the kerbside at the front of the site during construction works. A Work Zone Permit Application Form is available from Council's Customer Service Centre or can be downloaded from Council's website. The applicable fees and charges are located on Council's website.

Ground Anchoring Permit

This permit must be applied for, for the installation of ground anchors under Council's footway/road reserve. It does not cover ground anchors under private properties. A separate approval is required to be obtained from Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) if it is proposed to install ground anchors under a State or Classified Regional Road (please refer to the end of this application form for more information).

(Reason: Council requirement)

40. **DILAPIDATION REPORT - PRE-COMMENCEMENT (CC)**

Subject to access being granted, a pre-commencement Dilapidation Report is to be undertaken on all adjoining properties, which in the opinion of a suitably qualified engineer, could be potentially affected by the construction of the project. The Dilapidation Report shall be carried out prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The Dilapidation Report is to be prepared by a suitably Qualified Engineer with current Corporate Membership with the Institution of Engineers, Australia or Geotechnical Practitioner. The report shall include a photographic survey of adjoining properties detailing the physical condition of those properties, both internally and externally, including walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other such items.

If access for undertaking the dilapidation survey is denied by an adjoining owner, the applicant must demonstrate, in writing, to Council's satisfaction attempts have been made to obtain access and/or advise the affected property owner of the reason for the survey and these attempts have been unsuccessful. Written concurrence must be obtained from Council in such circumstances.

The Report shall cover structural and geotechnical factors likely to arise from the development. A copy of this Report shall be submitted to Council as a record. The person having the benefit of the development consent must, at their own cost, rectify any damage caused to other properties during the construction of the project.

(Reason: To ensure no damage to adjoining properties occurs.)

41. DRIVEWAY WIDTH - MULTI-UNIT DEVELOPMENT (CC)

The internal driveway must be a minimum 5.50m wide (clear width) for the first 6 metres inside the property so as to allow entering & exiting vehicles to pass within the site. Should the driveway narrow after this point it is then to be designed with a minimum 1.5m x 1.5m splay to allow the passing to work. Details demonstrating compliance shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Safety and traffic management.)

42. DRIVEWAY DESIGN - SPEED HUMP AND STOP SIGN ON EXIT (CC)

The applicant shall install a stop sign and a speed hump at the exit from the site. The stop sign must be accompanied by the associated line marking and the speed hump shall be set back by 1.5 metres from the boundary alignment. The devices shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the provision of all relevant Australian Standards. The building plans shall indicate compliance with this requirement, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Traffic safety and management.)

43. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN (CC)

An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan is to be prepared where construction or excavation activity requires the disturbance of the soil surface and existing vegetation. Details including drawings and specifications must provide adequate measures for erosion and sediment control to ensure:

- i) Compliance with the approved Soil and Water Management Plan.
- ii) Removal or disturbance of vegetation and top soil is confined to within 3m of the approved building area (no trees to be removed without approval).
- iii) All uncontaminated run-off is diverted around cleared or disturbed areas.
- iv) Silt fences or other devices are installed to prevent sediment and other debris escaping from the cleared or disturbed areas into drainage systems or waterways.
- v) All erosion and sediment controls are fully maintained for the duration of demolition/development works.
- vi) Controls are put into place to prevent tracking of sediment by vehicles onto adjoining roadways.
- vii) All disturbed areas are rendered erosion-resistant by turfing, mulching, paving or similar.
- viii) All water pumped or otherwise removed from excavations or basement areas is filtered to achieve suspended solids/non filterable residue levels complying with the Australian Water Quality guidelines for Fresh and Marine Waters.
- ix) Pumped or overland flows of water are discharged so as not to cause, permit or allow erosion before the commencement of work (and until issue of the occupation certificate).

Details of the proposed soil erosion and sedimentation controls are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate Application. Under no circumstances are any works to commence, prior to these details being approved by the Principal Certifying Authority and the controls being in place on the site.

(Reason: Environmental protection.)

44. EXCAVATION - AFFECTING ADJOINING LAND (CC)

If an excavation associated with the approved development extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense, comply with the requirements of clause 98E of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, including:

- i) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
- ii) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.

The condition referred to in subclause (i) does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying. Details shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Structural safety.)

45. EXCAVATION – DEWATERING (CC)

Any de-watering from the excavation or construction site must comply with the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the following:

- i) Ground water or other water to be pumped from the site into Council's stormwater system must be sampled and analysed by a NATA accredited laboratory or Council for compliance with ANZECC Water Quality Guidelines.
- ii) If tested by NATA accredited laboratory, the certificate of analysis issued by the laboratory must be forwarded to Council as the appropriate regulatory authority under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, prior to the commencement of de-watering activities.
- iii) Council will grant approval to commence site de-watering to the stormwater based on the water quality results received.
- iv) It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure during de-watering activities, the capacity of the stormwater system is not exceeded, there are no issues associated with erosion or scouring due to the volume of water pumped; and turbidity readings must not at any time exceed the ANZECC recommended 50ppm (parts per million) for receiving waters.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with legislation and to protect the surrounding natural environment.)

46. EXCAVATION – SHORING (CC)

Where any shoring for excavation is to be located on or is supporting Council's property, or any adjoining private property, engineering drawings and specifications certifying the shoring will be adequate for their intended purpose and must be submitted to the Council/Principal Certifying Authority for approval with the Construction Certificate. The documentation prepared and certified by an appropriately qualified and practicing structural engineer is to show all details, including the extent of encroachment and the method of removal and de-stressing of shoring elements. A copy of this documentation must be provided to the Council for record purposes at the time of Construction Certificate application.

(Reason: To ensure the protection of existing public infrastructure and adjoining properties.)

47. FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE (CC)

A Fire Safety Schedule specifying the fire safety measures (both current and proposed) which should be implemented in the building premises must be submitted with the Construction Certificate application, in accordance with Part 9 of Clause 168 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Note: A Construction Certificate cannot be issued until a Fire Safety Schedule is received.

(Reason: Compliance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.)

48. LANDSCAPING - MAINTENANCE STRATEGY (CC)

To ensure the survival of landscaping following works, a landscape maintenance strategy for the owner/occupier to administer over a 12 month establishment period following the issue of the Occupation Certificate shall be prepared and provided to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate application. The strategy is to address maintenance issues such as, but not limited to plant survival, irrigation, soil testing, weeding, staking, fertilizing, remedial pruning and plant replacement.

(Reason: Ensure landscape survival.)

49. LANDSCAPING ON SLAB (CC)

To ensure the site landscaping thrives, the on slab landscaping shown on the approved landscaping plan is to be designed to include a minimum soil depth of 650mm for shrubs and trees; and 300mm for grass and ground covers. Adequate drainage provision and a permanent, automatic irrigation system conforming to Sydney Water requirements shall be included. Details demonstrating compliance shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate application.

(Reason: Ensure landscape survival.)

50. NOISE AND VIBRATION MANAGEMENT PLAN (CC)

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, a Noise and Vibration Management Plan is to be prepared by a suitably qualified person addressing the likely noise and vibration from demolition, excavation and construction of the proposed development and provided to Council or the Principal Certifying Authority.

The Plan is to identify amelioration measures to ensure the noise and vibration levels will be in compliance with:

- a. Construction noise management levels established using the *Interim Construction Noise Guideline (DECC, 2009)*;
- b. Vibration criteria established using the assessing vibration: *Technical guideline (DEC, 2006)* (for human exposure); and
- c. The vibration limits set out in the German Standard DIN 4150-3: *Structural Vibration-effects of vibration on structures* (for structural damage)

The report that itemises equipment to be used for excavation works. The Plan shall address, but shall not be limited to, the following matters:

- i) identification of activities carried out and associated noise sources;
- ii) identification of potentially affected sensitive receivers, including residences, churches, commercial premises, schools and properties containing noise sensitive

- equipment;
- iii) determination of appropriate noise and vibration objectives for each identified sensitive receiver;
- iv) noise and vibration monitoring, reporting and response procedures;
- v) assessment of potential noise and vibration from the proposed demolition, excavation and construction activities, including noise from construction vehicles;
- vi) description of specific mitigation treatments, management methods and procedures to be implemented to control noise and vibration during construction;
- vii) construction timetabling to minimise noise impacts including time and duration restrictions, respite periods and frequency;
- viii) procedures for notifying residents of construction activities likely to affect their amenity through noise and vibration; and
- ix) contingency plans to be implemented in the event of non-compliances and/or noise complaints. A register should be kept of complaints received, and the action taken to remediate the issue.

(Reason: To protect acoustic amenity of surrounding properties and the public.)

51. PRIVACY - OBSCURE GLAZING IN WET AREAS (CC)

All bathroom, ensuite and toilet windows shall be installed with obscure glazing. Plans shall be notated accordingly and details demonstrating compliance submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Privacy amenity.)

52. ROOF TERRACES GENERALLY (CC)

Roof terraces shall not be visible from the public domain with no direct lines of sight to adjoining private open spaces or habitable window openings both within the development site and within adjoining sites. No permanent structures or furniture shall be erected on the roof terrace, and the roof area outside of the terrace area shall be non-trafficable. Plans shall be notated accordingly and details demonstrating compliance demonstrated to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Roof terraces shall comply with the Building Code of Australia in respect of any provisions relating to roof terraces.

(Reason: To preserve the amenity of adjoining residences and the public domain.)

53. SECTION 7.11 CONTRIBUTION PAYMENT - DIRECT CONTRIBUTIONS PLAN (CC)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 7.13 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the Strathfield Direct Development Contributions Plan 2010-2030, a contribution in the form of cash, cheque or credit card (financial transaction fee applies) shall be paid to Council for the following purposes:

Provision of Community Facilities	\$72,187.55
Provision of Major Open Space	\$212,540.23
Provision of Local Open Space	\$46,777.87
Provision Roads and traffic Management	\$21,038.76
Administration	\$3,906.72
TOTAL	\$356,451.13

The total amount of the contribution is valid as at the date of determination and is subject to quarterly indexation. Contributions shall be indexed at the time of payment in accordance

with clause 2.14 of the Strathfield Direct Development Contributions Plan 2010-2030.

Contributions must be receipted by Council and submitted to the Accredited Certifier, prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Please present a copy of this condition when paying the contribution at the Customer Service Centre so that it can be recalculated.

Note: A copy of Strathfield Council's Section 7.11 Direct Development Contributions Plan may be downloaded from Council's website.

(Reason: To enable the provision of public amenities and services required/anticipated as a consequence of increased demand resulting from the development.)

54. **SECURITY PAYMENT - DAMAGE DEPOSIT FOR COUNCIL INFRASTRUCTURE (CC)**

A security (damage deposit) of **\$33,000.00** (calculated in accordance with Council's adopted Fees and Charges) shall be paid to Council, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The deposit is required as security against any damage to Council property during works on the site. The applicant must bear the cost of all restoration works to Council's property damaged during the course of this development. All building work must be carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia.

Payment may be accepted in the form of cash, bank guarantee, cheque or credit card (financial transactions fees apply). Note: Additional fees apply for the lodgement of a bank guarantee in lieu of cash bond applies in accordance with Council's adopted Fees and Charges.

Any costs associated with works necessary to be carried out to rectify any damages caused by the development, shall be deducted from the Damage Deposit.

Note: Should Council property adjoining the site be defective e.g. cracked footpath, broken kerb etc., this should be reported in writing, or by photographic record, submitted to Council at least seven (7) days prior to the commencement of any work on site. This documentation will be used to resolve any dispute over damage to infrastructure. It is in the applicant's interest for it to be as full and detailed as possible.

The damage deposit shall be refunded upon completion of all works upon receipt of a Final Occupation Certificate stage and inspection by Council.

(Reason: Protection of Council infrastructure.)

55. **STORMWATER - RAINWATER RE-USE (CC)**

A rainwater re-use system shall be provided in accordance with either the BASIX minimum requirements, any relevant Council Rainwater Policy and/or specification of the management of stormwater, whichever is applicable. A detailed stormwater plan showing the proposed re-use system shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Compliance and amenity.)

56. TRAFFIC - CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN (CC)

A Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) is to be prepared by an appropriately qualified Traffic Management Consultant and submitted to and approved by Council's Engineering Section, prior to the commencement of any works including demolition.

The following matters should be addressed in the CTMP (where applicable):

- i) description of the demolition, excavation and construction works;
- ii) site plan/s showing the site, roads, footpaths, site access points and vehicular movements;
- iii) size, type and estimated number of vehicular movements (including removal of excavated materials, delivery of materials and concrete to the site);
- iv) proposed route(s) from the arterial (state) road network to the site and the proposed route from the site back to the arterial road network;
- v) impacts of the work and vehicular movements on the road network, traffic and pedestrians and proposed methods to safely manage pedestrians and construction related vehicles in the frontage roadways;
- vi) any Traffic Control Plans (TCP's) proposed to regulate traffic and pedestrian movements for construction activities (such as concrete pours, crane installation/removal etc.);
- vii) proposed hours of construction related activities and vehicular movements to and from the site;
- viii) current/proposed approvals from other Agencies and Authorities (including Roads and Maritime Services, Police and State Transit Authority);
- ix) any activities proposed to be located or impact upon Council's road, footways or any public place;
- x) measures to maintain public safety and convenience;
- xi) any proposed road and/or footpath closures;
- xii) turning areas within the site for construction and spoil removal vehicles, allowing a forward egress for all construction vehicles on the site;
- xiii) locations of work zones (where it is not possible for loading/unloading to occur on the site) in the frontage roadways accompanied by supporting documentation that such work zones have been approved by the Local Traffic Committee and Council;
- xiv) location of any proposed crane and concrete pump and truck standing areas on and off the site (and relevant approvals from Council for plant on road);
- xv) a dedicated unloading and loading point within the site for all construction vehicles, plant and deliveries;
- xvi) material, plant and spoil bin storage areas within the site, where all materials are to be dropped off and collected;
- xvii) on-site parking area for employees, tradespersons and construction vehicles as far as possible;
- xviii) proposed areas within the site to be used for the storage of excavated material, construction materials and waste and recycling containers during the construction period; and
- xix) how it is proposed to ensure that soil/excavated material is not transported onto surrounding footpaths and roadways.

(Reason: To mitigate traffic impacts on the surrounding area during the construction period.)

57. TREE BONDS (CC)

A tree bond of **\$33,000.00** (calculated in accordance with Council's adopted Fees and Charges) shall be paid to Council, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The deposit is required as security against any damage to existing trees to be retained on Council's road reserve, during works on the site. The applicant must bear the cost of all restoration works to Council's property damaged during the course of this development.

Payment may be accepted in the form of cash, bank guarantee, cheque or credit card (financial transactions fees apply). Note: Additional fees apply for the lodgement of a bank guarantee in lieu of cash bond applies in accordance with Council's adopted Fees and Charges.

(Reason: To ensure the protection of trees to be retained on Council's Road Reserve.)

58. UTILITIES AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS - ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION (CC)

Any required electricity substation must be located within the boundaries of the site. Documentary evidence of compliance with the energy authority's requirements, including correspondence from the energy authority is to be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Note: Where an electricity substation is required but no provision has been made to place it within the approved building or its site and no details are provided on the approved development consent plans, a section 96 application is required to be submitted to Council for approval of an appropriate location for the required electricity substation.

(Reason: Access to utility.)

59. VEHICULAR CROSSINGS - WORKS PERMIT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF (CC)

Full-width, heavy-duty concrete vehicular crossing(s) shall be provided across the footpath at the entrance(s) and/or exit(s) to the site and designed in accordance with Council's guidelines and specifications. In this regard, a Works Permit is to be obtained (available from Council's Customer Services Centre or downloaded from Council's website), and the appropriate fees and charges paid, prior to the lodgement of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure appropriate access to the site can be achieved.)

60. VENTILATION SYSTEMS – MECHANICAL (CC)

The mechanical ventilation system is to comply with the following:

- i) The Building Code of Australia;
- ii) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997; and
- iii) Australian Standard AS1668-1991.

In addition, odour control measures, such as activated carbon or catalytic oxidisers, must be used to treat ventilation gases prior to discharge. The method of odour control must be designed by a suitably qualified mechanical ventilation engineer.

Details demonstrating compliance with the above are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure the mechanical ventilation system complies with the relevant requirements/standards.)

61. WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN (CC)

An amended Waste Management Plan (WMP) is to be provided in accordance with Part H of Strathfield Consolidated Development Control Plan 2005. All requirements of the approved Waste Management Plan must be implemented during demolition, construction and on-going use of the premises.

The WMP must identify the types of waste that will be generated, all proposals to re-use, recycle or dispose of the waste and designs of the waste storage and collection areas. The WMP is to be submitted to council for comment prior to approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, approval must be provided prior to the issuing of the Construction Certificate.

Full compliance must be given to the endorsed Waste Management Plan submitted for the proposed development. Copies of any weighbridge receipts from all approved waste disposal facilities shall be retained for presentation to the Principal Certifying Authority upon request.

The plan should also specify that a Welcome pack is to be provided for residents to feature waiting bay procedure as well as signage to be installed in bin rooms. This is to be undertaken prior to the issue of a final Occupation Certificate.

NOTE: The property must be inspected by a Council Waste Officer prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate so as to ensure that the correct number of general waste and recycling bins are ordered from Strathfield Council.

(Reason: To ensure appropriate management of waste.)

62. WASTE - SEPARATE WASTE AREAS FOR MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENTS (CC)

The building must include not less than two independently designated areas or garbage rooms for commercial and for residential occupants; to keep commercial waste and recycling separate to residential waste and recycling.

(Reason: To ensure the appropriate separation and collection of waste generated by commercial and residential activities.)

63. WASTE - GARBAGE ROOMS OR GREASE ARRESTOR ROOMS (CC)

Garbage rooms or grease arrester rooms must be constructed of solid material: cement rendered and steel trowelled to a smooth even surface. The door to the garbage room is to be designed and constructed to ensure the room is vermin proof and can be opened from the inside at all times. The garbage room is to be ventilated to the external air by natural ventilation or an approved air handling exhaust system.

(Reason: To keep garbage rooms in a clean and sanitary condition to protect public health.)

64. WATER HEATING SYSTEMS - LOCATION OF (CC)

Water heating systems shall be located so as not to be visible from public places and the ground level of adjoining properties. Details (type and location) of the water heaters shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

(Reason: To maintain streetscape character.)

65. WORKS ZONE - APPROVAL BY COUNCIL'S TRAFFIC COMMITTEE (CC)

An application for a 'Works Zone' must be submitted to and approved by the Strathfield Council Traffic Committee prior to the commencement of any site work (including demolition).

The suitability of the proposed length and duration of the Works Zone is to be demonstrated in the application for the Works Zone. The application for the Works Zone must be submitted to Council at least six (6) weeks prior to the commencement of work on the site to allow for assessment and tabling of agenda for the Strathfield Council Traffic Committee.

The requirement for a Works Zone may be varied or waived only if it can be demonstrated in the Construction Traffic Management Plan (to the satisfaction of Council) that all construction related activities (including all loading and unloading operations) can and will be undertaken wholly within the site. The written approval of Council must be obtained to provide a Works Zone or to waive the requirement to provide a Works Zone prior to the commencement of any site work.

(Reason: Council requirement.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS (CW)

66. APPOINTMENT OF A PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY (PCA) (CW)

No work shall commence in connection with this Development Consent until:

- i) A construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority or a Principal Certifying Authority.
- ii) The person having the benefit of the development consent has appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner/builder, if that is the case.
- iii) The principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
 - notified the Council of his or her appointment, and
 - notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work.
- iv) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
 - appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved;
 - notified the principal certifying authority of such appointment; and
 - unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work.
- v) The person having the benefit of the development consent has given at least 2 days notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

Note: If the principal certifying authority is the Council, the nomination will be subject to the payment of a fee for the service to cover the cost of undertaking all necessary inspections and the issue of the appropriate certificates.

Under the Environment Planning and Assessment (Quality of Construction) Act, 2003, a sign must be erected in a prominent position on the work site showing the name, address

and telephone number of the principal certifying authority; the name of the principal contractor (if any) for the building work and a telephone number at which that person may be contacted outside working hours. That sign must also state that unauthorised entry is prohibited. The sign must not be removed until all work has been completed.

(Reason: Statutory requirement.)

67. NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT (CW)

No work shall commence until the following details are submitted to Council:

- i) a Notice of Commencement (form will be attached with issue of a Construction Certificate or available from our website) within two (2) days of the date on which it is proposed to commence works associated with the Development Consent;
- ii) details of the appointment of a Principal Certifying Authority (either Council or another Principal Certifying Authority); and
- iii) details of the name, address and licence details of the Builder.

(Reason: Statutory requirement.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED DURING DEMOLITION AND BUILDING WORKS (DW)

68. CONTAMINATED LAND UNEXPECTED FINDS (DW)

In the instance works cause the generation of odours or uncovering of unexpected contaminants works are to immediately cease, Council is to be notified and a suitably qualified environmental scientist appointed to further assess the site.

The contaminated land situation is to be evaluated by the supervising environmental consultant and an appropriate response determined in consultation with the applicant, which is agreed to by Strathfield Council's Environmental Services Manager.

Note: Council may also request that a NSW EPA accredited site auditor is involved to assist with the assessment of the contaminated land situation and review any new contamination information. The applicant must also adhere to any additional conditions which may be imposed by the accredited site auditor.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with statutory requirements.)

69. FILL MATERIAL (DW)

The only waste derived material which may be received at the development site is:

- i) Virgin excavated material (within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997), and
- ii) any other waste-derived material the subject of a resource recovery exemption under cl.51A of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005 that is permitted to be used as fill material.

Any (b)-type material received at the development site must be accompanied by documentation certifying by an appropriately qualified environmental consultant the materials compliance with the exemption conditions; and this documentation must be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority on request.

(Reason: To ensure imported fill is of an acceptable standard for environmental protection purposes.)

70. OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY NOT PERMITTED DURING WORKS (DW)

The public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, refuse, skips or the like, under any circumstances, without the prior approval of Council.

(Reason: To maintain public access and safety.)

71. PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE AND SERVICES (DW)

The applicant must comply with the requirements (including financial costs) of any relevant utility provider (e.g. Energy Australia, Sydney Water, Telstra, RMS, Council etc.) in relation to any connections, works, repairs, relocation, replacements and/or adjustments to public infrastructure or services affected by the development.

(Reason: To maintain public infrastructure and/or services.)

72. SITE REQUIREMENTS DURING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION

All of the following are to be satisfied/complied with during demolition, construction and any other site works:

- i) All demolition is to be carried out in accordance with Australian Standards AS 2601-2001.
- ii) Demolition must be carried out by a registered demolition contractor.
- iii) A single entrance is permitted to service the site for demolition and construction. The footway and nature strip at the service entrance must be planked out with close boarded, hardwood timber footpath protection pads. The pad shall cover the entire width of the footpath opening for the full width of the fence.
- iv) No blasting is to be carried out at any time during construction of the building.
- v) Care must be taken during demolition/ excavation/ building/ construction to prevent any damage to adjoining buildings.
- vi) Adjoining owner property rights and the need for owner's permission must be observed at all times, including the entering onto land for the purpose of undertaking works.
- vii) Any demolition and excess construction materials are to be recycled wherever practicable.
- viii) The disposal of construction and demolition waste must be in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- ix) All waste on the site is to be stored, handled and disposed of in such a manner as to not create air pollution (including odour), offensive noise or pollution of land and/or water as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- x) All excavated material should be removed from the site in the approved manner and be disposed of lawfully to a tip or other authorised disposal area.
- xi) Section 143 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 requires waste to be transported to a place which can lawfully accept it. All non-recyclable demolition materials are to be disposed of at an approved waste disposal depot in accordance with legislation.
- xii) All materials on site or being delivered to the site are to generally be contained within the site. The requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 must be complied with when placing/stockpiling loose material, disposing of concrete waste, or other activities likely to pollute drains or water courses.
- xiii) Details as to the method and location of disposal of demolition materials (weight dockets, receipts etc.) should be kept on site as evidence of approved methods of disposal and recycling.
- xiv) Any materials stored on site must be stored out of view or in such a manner so as

- not to cause unsightliness when viewed from nearby lands or roadways.
- xv) Public footways and roadways adjacent to the site must be fully maintained and cleared of obstructions during construction unless prior separate approval from Council is obtained including payment of relevant fees.
 - xvi) Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or paint brushes, and mixing mortar not be performed on the roadway or public footway or any other locations which could lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
 - xvii) All site waters during excavation and construction must be contained on site in an approved manner to avoid pollutants entering into waterways or Council's stormwater drainage system.
 - xviii) Stamped plans, specifications, documentation and the consent shall be available on site at all times during construction.

(Reason: To ensure that demolition, building and any other site works are undertaken in accordance with relevant legislation and policy and in a manner which will be non-disruptive to the local area.)

73. SURVEY REPORT OF APPROVED LEVELS DURING AND POST CONSTRUCTION (DW)

A Survey Certificate to Australian Height Datum shall be prepared by a Registered Surveyor as follows:

- i) At the completion of the first structural floor level prior to the pouring of concrete indicating the level of that floor and the relationship of the building to the boundaries.
- ii) At the completed height of the building, prior to the placement of concrete inform work, or the laying of roofing materials.
- iii) At the completion of the development.

Progress certificates in response to points (1) through to (3) shall be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority at the time of carrying out relevant progress inspections. Under no circumstances is work allowed to proceed until such survey information is submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with the approved plans.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE (OC)

74. CAR PARKING - VISITOR CAR PARKING SIGNAGE (OC)

A sign shall be erected in a suitable location on the property near the driveway entrance indicating where visitor parking is available on the site. Signage shall also be erected above the visitor parking itself. Details demonstrating compliance shall be demonstrated to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Adequate access and egress.)

75. DRAINAGE SYSTEM - MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING SYSTEM (OC)

Where elements of the existing drainage system are to be utilised, the existing drainage system shall be overhauled and maintained clear of silt and accumulated debris. Silt and the like shall be removed, not flushed from the system.

A certificate shall be provided by a suitably qualified person (a registered plumber or a person of equivalent or greater experience or qualification) to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate to confirm that

the system is in good working order and adequate to accept additional flows having regard to any relevant standards and/or Sydney Water requirements.

(Reason: Maintenance and environment.)

76. ENGINEERING WORKS (CERTIFICATION OF)

Prior to occupation of the premises, a Work As Executed (WAE) Plan of all engineering and/or drainage works is to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority. The WAE Plan is to be certified by a suitably Qualified Engineer, with Corporate Membership standing in the Institution of Engineers Australia and registered on the National Professional Engineers Register (NPER) under the appropriate professional category, demonstrating that:

- i) the stormwater drainage system; and/or
- ii) the car parking arrangement and area; and/or
- iii) any related footpath crossing works; and/or
- iv) the proposed basement pump and well system; and/or
- v) the proposed driveway and layback; and/or
- vi) any other civil works

have been constructed in accordance with the approved plans and any relevant Standards and Council policies/specifications.

For major works, such as subdivisions, works within the road reserve (requiring separate S138 approval) and as where specified by Council, a Part 4A Certificate will be required. It is strongly recommended that an Engineer supervise all engineering related works.

Where Council is not the Principal Certifying Authority, an electronic copy of the above documents is to be provided to Council, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Asset management.)

77. FIRE SAFETY CERTIFICATION (OC)

A fire safety certificate shall be obtained in accordance with Part 9, Division 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

An fire safety certificate is a certificate issued by the owner of a building to the effect that each essential fire safety measure specified in the current fire safety schedule for the part of the building to which the certificate relates:

- i) has been assessed by a properly qualified person; and
- ii) was found, when it was assessed, to be capable of performing to at least the standard required by the current fire safety schedule for the building for which the certificate is issued.

An interim fire safety certificate must be provided before an interim occupation certificate can be used for a building under Clause 153(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A final fire safety certificate must be provided before an interim occupation certificate can be used for a building under Clause 153(1) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

A copy of the fire safety certificate and fire safety schedule shall be:

- i) submitted to Strathfield Council;
- ii) submitted to the Commissioner of the New South Wales Fire Brigade; and
- iii) prominently displayed in the building.

(Reason: Fire safety and statutory requirement.)

78. LANDSCAPING - ARBORIST'S FOLLOW UP REPORT OF TREE/S TO BE RETAINED (OC)

As part of the on-going assessment of the tree/s to be retained, the consulting arborist engaged by the applicant is to assess their health and any impacts suffered by them as a result of the proposed approved development, prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate. Findings are to be compiled in a detailed report and submitted to the Principle Certifying Authority, which documents the following:

- i) methods of excavation or construction used to carry out the works;
- ii) any damage sustained by the tree/s as a result of the works;
- iii) any subsequent remedial works required to be carried out by the consulting arborist as a result of the damage; and
- iv) any future or on-going remedial work required to be carried out to ensure the long term retention of the tree/s.

(Reason: To ensure the survival of trees to be retained.)

79. OCCUPATION OF BUILDING (OC)

A person must not commence occupation or use (or change of use where an existing building) of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the Act) unless an Interim Occupation Certificate or Final Occupation Certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

The Principal Certifying Authority is required to be satisfied, amongst other things, that:

- i) all required inspections (including each applicable mandatory critical stage inspection) have been carried out; and
- ii) any preconditions to the issue of the certificate required by a development consent have been met.

Note: New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

(Reason: Statutory requirement.)

80. STORMWATER - CERTIFICATION OF THE CONSTRUCTED DRAINAGE SYSTEM (OC)

The constructed stormwater system shall be certified by a suitably qualified person, in accordance with Council's Stormwater Management Code, prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Adequate stormwater management.)

81. STORMWATER - COVENANT AND RESTRICTION AS TO USER FOR STORMWATER CONTROLLED SYSTEMS (OC)

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the applicant shall register a Positive Covenant and a Restriction as to User under section 88E and or section 88B of the Conveyancing Act as appropriate in favour of Council, ensuring the ongoing retention, maintenance and operation of the stormwater facility (on-site detention, pump-out, charged lines, etc.).

Where any drainage line or service conduit is to traverse any property other than that which it serves, an appropriate easement will be required. In this case, the applicant shall register an easement no less than 1200mm wide over the proposed drainage line or service concurrently with any subdivision registration.

The wording on the 88B Instrument is to make reference to the Council file where the Construction plans and the Work As Executed (as built), plans are held. Typical wording can be obtained from Council's Specification for the Management of Stormwater document.

(Reason: To ensure the on-site detention and/or pump system is maintained to an appropriate operational standard.)

82. VENTILATION SYSTEMS – MECHANICAL (OC)

The mechanical ventilation system is to comply with the following:

- i) The Building Code of Australia;
- ii) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997; and
- iii) Australian Standard AS1668-1991.

In addition, odour control measures, such as activated carbon or catalytic oxidisers, must be used to treat ventilation gases prior to discharge. The method of odour control must be designed by a suitably qualified mechanical ventilation engineer.

At the completion of the installation of the mechanical exhaust ventilation system, a certificate from a practising mechanical engineer shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate demonstrating compliance with the above.

(Reason: To ensure the mechanical exhaust ventilation system complies with the relevant requirements/standards.)

83. VENTILATION SYSTEMS – NATURAL (OC)

The natural ventilation system shall be designed, constructed and installed in accordance with the provisions of:

- i) The Building Code of Australia; and
- ii) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Details demonstrating compliance with this condition shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority, prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: To ensure any natural ventilation systems comply with the relevant regulations/standards.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF A SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE (SC)

84. COMMENCEMENT OF SUBDIVISION WORKS - REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO (SC)

Subdivision work in accordance with a consent must not commence until:

- i) a Construction Certificate has been issued;
- ii) the person having the benefit of the development consent has appointed the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA);
- iii) the PCA (if not Council) has, no later than two (2) days before the subdivision work commences, notified the Council (or other consent authority where applicable) of the PCA's appointment; and
- iv) the person having the benefit of the consent has given at least two (2) day's notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the subdivision work.

NB: Crown work certified in accordance with s109R of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 is exempted from the above requirements.

(Reason: Statutory requirements.)

85. SEPARATE APPLICATION FOR STRATA SUBDIVISION (SC)

This consent does not imply approval to create a separate title, by subdivision or otherwise. Should it be intended to subdivide the approved development into strata title allotments, Council will require the lodgement of a separate development application for consideration.

(Reason: To ensure compliance with the consent.)

86. SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE - REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF (SC)

A Subdivision Certificate allows a person to lodge a plan of subdivision with NSW Land and Property Information (LPI). The plan of subdivision identifies each of the allotments approved under the original consent (if required) or each allotment subject to an exempt boundary adjustment. The plan of subdivision is required to be prepared by a registered surveyor.

All types of subdivision (Torrens, Strata and Community Title) are required to be registered with NSW LPI before a new 'allotment' of a subdivision of land can be created.

The release of a Subdivision Certificate confirms that the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or Accredited Certifier) is satisfied that works are completed in accordance with the applicable Development Consent and that the land is suitable to occupy.

Prior to the issuing of any Subdivision Certificate under section 37A of the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973, and section 66A of the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, and in accordance with section 29A of the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Regulation 2007 and section 30A of the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Regulation 2007, the PCA is required to be satisfied that:

- i) the floors, external walls and ceilings depicted in the proposed strata plan for the building correspond to those of the building as constructed;
- ii) the floors, external walls and ceilings of the building as constructed correspond to those depicted in the building plans that accompanied the construction certificate for the building; and
- iii) any facilities required by the relevant development consent (such as parking spaces, terraces and courtyards) have been provided in accordance with those requirements.

As construction of the building nears completion, or after it has been completed, the Principal Certifying Authority must inspect the building and the common property areas around the building, so as to be satisfied, as required by section 66AA of the Act, that the above requirements have been met.

The Principal Certifying Authority shall also be satisfied that:

- i) all required inspections (including each applicable mandatory critical stage inspection) have been carried out; and
- ii) any preconditions to the issue of the certificate required by a development consent or complying development certificate have been met.

The Subdivision Certificate must not be issued until the Principal Certifying Authority has issued the Final Occupation Certificate in relation to the approved development.

(Reason: Statutory requirements.)

87. SUBDIVISION - LODGEMENT OF FINAL PLAN OF SUBDIVISION (SC)

Once a Subdivision Certificate is issued by the Principal Certifying Authority, the Final Plan of Subdivision must be registered with Land and Property Information. Documentary evidence that the linen plan has been registered with Land and Property Information must be submitted to Strathfield Council as soon as practicable.

(Reason: Statutory requirement.)

88. SYDNEY WATER - SECTION 73 CERTIFICATE (SC)

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained before the issue of the Subdivision Certificate. An application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator (refer www.sydneywater.com.au).

Following receipt of the application a 'Notice of Requirements' will be issued detailing water and sewer extensions to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Water Servicing Coordinator, as building of water/sewer extensions can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

Sydney Water written advice that you have obtained the Notice of Requirements must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority

The Section 73 Compliance Certificate must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to release of the Subdivision Certificate /any occupation of the premises.

(Reason: To comply with the statutory requirements of Sydney Water.)

89. UTILITIES - ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION DEDICATION AS ROAD AND/OR EASEMENT FOR ACCESS (SC)

Where an electricity substation is provided on the site adjoining the road boundary, the area within which the electricity substation is located must be dedicated as public road, free of cost to Council. The size and location of the electricity substation is to be in accordance with the requirements of the appropriate energy authority and Council. The opening of any access doors shall not intrude onto any public road (footway or road pavement).

Where access to the electricity substation is required from a public place and across the site, an easement for access across the site from the public place must be created upon the

final plan of subdivision burdening the subject site and benefiting the Crown in right of New South Wales and any Statutory Corporation requiring access to the electricity substation.

The above details must be included on the final plan of subdivision, prior to the release of the Subdivision Certificate.

(Reason: Formalisation of access to utility.)

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED DURING ONGOING USE OF THE PREMISES (OU)

90. FIRE SAFETY ANNUAL STATEMENT (OU)

Pursuant to Part 9, Division 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation (as amended) the owner of the building shall provide to Council an Annual Fire Safety Statement from an appropriately qualified person certifying the essential fire safety measures in the building. The Annual Fire Safety Statement shall be submitted within 12 months of the issue of the fire safety certificate, and then on an annual basis.

A copy of the Fire Safety Statement obtained and Fire Safety Schedule shall also be:

- i) Forwarded to the Commissioner of the New South Wales Fire Brigade; and
- ii) Prominently displayed in the building.

(Reason: Fire safety)

91. VISITOR PARKING RESTRICTION (OU)

All visitor parking spaces must not at any time be allocated sold or leased to an individual owner/occupier and must be strictly retained as common property by the Owners Corporation.

(Reason: Compliance with approved visitor parking provision.)

92. VISITOR PARKING RESTRICTION (OU)- (TO BE DELETED)

All visitor parking spaces must not at any time be allocated sold or leased to an individual owner/occupier and must be strictly retained as common property by the Owners Corporation.

(Reason: Compliance with approved visitor parking provision.)

RESOLUTION

That this application be **Approved** subject to the recommended conditions in the report as amended by the panel.

That conditions 4, 19 and 92 are deleted with new conditions of 4 and 8A are added.

For: P. Stein, G. Morrish, J. Murrell, G. Markwell

Against: Nil

**** End Minutes - Report No. 3****

TO: Strathfield Local Planning Panel Meeting - 3 May 2018
REPORT: SLPP – Report No. 4
SUBJECT: DA2018/001 - 32 COURALLIE AVENUE, HOMEBUSH WEST
LOT 16 DP 11427
DA NO. 2018/001

RECOMMENDATION

That Development Application No. 2018/001 for demolition of existing structures and construction of a four (4) storey boarding house containing (18) lodger rooms and one (1) manager's room over a single level of basement parking under the Affordable Rental Housing SEPP 2009 at 32 Courallie Avenue, Homebush West be **REFUSED** for the following reasons:

1. The Site is not suitable for the proposed development in accordance with Section 4.15(1)(c) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*
2. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, there is insufficient information to determine whether the proposal complies with the solar access requirements under Clause 29 (2)(c) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.
3. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposed side setbacks do not provide adequate privacy and amenity for the neighbours given the location of windows to the rooms oriented to the side boundaries.
4. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposal fails to provide 15% of the rooms in the development as Adaptable Housing (AS 4299 – Adaptable Housing Class C) as required under Part C Multiple Unit Housing of the Strathfield Consolidated Development Control Plan 2005.
5. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(b) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposal does not provide adequate acceptable parking arrangements for the occupants of the building.
6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 4.15(1)(d)(e) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, it is considered that the proposed development is not in the public interest.

RESOLUTION

That this application be **REFUSED** for the following reasons:

1. The Site is not suitable for the proposed development in accordance with Section 4.15(1)(c) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*
2. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, there is insufficient information to determine whether the proposal complies with the solar access requirements under Clause 29 (2)(c) of the State Environmental Planning Policy

(Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

3. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposed side setbacks do not provide adequate privacy and amenity for the neighbours given the location of windows to the rooms oriented to the side boundaries.
4. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposal fails to provide 15% of the rooms in the development as Adaptable Housing (AS 4299 – Adaptable Housing Class C) as required under Part C Multiple Unit Housing of the Strathfield Consolidated Development Control Plan 2005.
5. In accordance with Section 4.15(1)(b) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the proposal does not provide adequate acceptable parking arrangements for the occupants of the building.
6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 4.15(1)(d)(e) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, it is considered that the proposed development is not in the public interest.

For: P. Stein, G. Morrish, J. Murrell, G. Markwell

Against: Nil

**** End Minutes - Report No. 4****